Word Classes					
1	noun	person, place or thing	dog, ball, road		
2	proper noun	names of places or people - need capital letters.	London, Sam		
3	collective noun	the name for a group of things	A flock of birds. A herd of cows.		
4	abstract noun	things that don't have a physical form	love, ideas, friendship		
5	pronoun	used instead of noun (usually a name)	he, her, him, she, it, they		
6	adjective	describes a noun	red, long, hungry		
7	verb	doing or being word run, laugh, eat			
8	adverb	describes an action/verb	quickly, carefully		
9	modal verbs	a verb to show if something is a possibility or a certainty    Will   V			
10	prepositions	shows where or when above, across, against, behind, under			
11	determiners	comes before a noun or noun phrase	the, my, this, some, twenty, each, any		
12	subject	the thing in the sentence that is doing the action			
13	object	the thing in the sentence that is having the action done to it			
14	conjunction	connects two clauses	and, but, because		

	Types of Pronouns				
1	personal	used instead of a proper name	I, you, he, she, it, we, they, me, us, him, her		
2	possessive	used to show who something belongs to	mine, yours, his, hers, theirs		

3		the subject/object of the relative clause	who, which, what, where, when, why, that
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## Year 6 Grammar Knowledge Organiser

F A N B O Y S  for and nor but or yet so	Conjunctions										
for and nor but or yet so	Coordinating Conjunctions				Con	nect tw	/o n	nain (	clauses.		
	FAN		V	В		0	Y	S			
Subordinating Conjunctions Connect a main and subordinate clause		for	and	n	or	but	(	or	yet	so	
Subordinating Conjunctions   Connect a main and subordinate clause.	Subordin	<b>Subordinating Conjunctions</b> Connect a main and subordinate clause.						ause.			
I S A W A W A B U B	1	S	Α	w	A	V	/	A	В	U	В
if since as when although while after before until because	if	since	as	when	altho	ugh whi	le	after	befor	e until	because

			Sentence Types
1	statement	say it	tells you a fact or expresses an opinion
2	command	do it	imperative verbs  Cut the bread. Walk the dog.
3	question	ask it	something that requires information or an answer
4	exclamation	how or what	<b>What</b> a wonderful day! <b>How</b> fantastic! They are not questions.

	Clauses					
Main clause a clause that makes sense or			ts own			
\$	Subordinate clause	a clause that adds extra information a main clause	tion and is dependent			
1	Embedded clause	a subordinate clause in the middle of a sentence, between two commas.  My bike, which is v old, is broken.				

_		clause	begins with a relative pronoun.	chopped down was made into logs.
Apostrophes				
	1	contracted for	apostrophe is placed where the letter has been removed	can't, we're, he'd, don't, shouldn't

shows something belongs to someone

a subordinate clause which

The tree that was

Sarah's bag The boys' football

2 Relative

2 possession

	Synonyms and Antonyms					
1	synonym	words that mean the same	small and tiny			
2	antonym	words that mean the opposite	small and large			

	Prefixes and Suffixes					
1	prefix	letters added to the <b>start</b> of the root word that change its meaning	unpopular disrespect			
2	suffix	letters added to the <b>end</b> of the root word that change its meaning	painful illness			

	Tenses					
	Simple	Perfect	Progressive			
Present	something that is happening - root verb Fred walks to his car.	has/have followed by a verb. We have been stranded for 4 days.	is/am/are followed with an -ing verb We are swimming.			
Past something that has happened past -ed verbs Fred walked to		had followed by a verb. We had been stranded for 4 days.	was/were followed by an -ing verb We were swimming.			

Passive and Active Voice				
Active Voice	Harvey won the trophy. subject verb object			
Passive Voice	The trophy was won by Harvey. object verb subject			

	Subjunctive Form/Mood				
1	If I were you, I would	If I <b>were</b> able to fly, I would Laura wished she <b>were</b> able to			
2	use the <b>root verb</b>	I suggest you <b>read</b>			

Before/After/Until	
Used as a <b>subordinating conjunction</b>	when followed by a clause
Used as a <b>preposition</b>	when followed by an object

## Standard English

Formal way of speaking or writing which follows all grammar rules and is written or said in full sentences.